Toward a better knowledge of water flows in the Congo basin and hydropower potential with satellite altimetry. Perspectives with the future SWOT altimetry mission

Alice ANDRAL¹ <u>alice.andral@cnes.fr</u>, S.LEGRAND², J-F CRETAUX^{1,3}, S. CALMANT^{3,4}, A.PARIS⁵, S.DELICHERE⁶, P-O MALATERRE⁷, H.OUBANAS⁷, D.JOUVE², F.LEFEVRE⁵, G.GULEMVUGA⁸, B.TONDO⁸, M.LEMENAGER⁹, C.BRACHET¹⁰, S.CHERCHALI¹, N.PICOT¹ 1- CNES, 18 av. Edouard Belin 31401 Toulouse cedex 9, France: 2- CNR: 3- LEGOS: 4- IRD: 5- CLS: 6-BRL: 7- IRSTEA, 8- CICOS: 9-AFD: 10- IOWater



1. Context

RD

CLS

- New perspectives with the future SWOT (Surface Water and Ocean Topography) mission: first global survey of Earth's surface water elevations over rivers and lakes with a decimetre accuracy for rivers.
- ⇒ working group on space hydrology with 8 French institutions/companies to leverage applications and services by using space data in hydrology: CNES, AFD, BRLi, CNR, IRD, IRSTEA, IOWater, IRSTEA, CLS.
- \Rightarrow Fist pilot project= the Congo basin with the support of CICOS and AFD
- 2. The Congo basin: the world's second largest river basin:

CAR

- Need of an integrated water resources management BUT the actual operating gauge stations= ~30 over the whole basin
- The hydropower potential of the basin is underexploited.
- \Rightarrow The current and future altimetry data can help to increase the number of water elevation's observations and thus river discharge.

3. The hydrological information system - HIS

- Developed by BRLi and IRD for the CICOS with the support of AFD, the HIS integrates:
 - in-situ measurements (water elevation, discharge and rating curves from the national hydrological services of the Congo basin)
- Water elevation from satellite altimeters



□ The HIS will help to support future services and applications for navigation (water elevation forecast) and hydropower potential





b of VS with Jason2 (in red)

2. Satellite altimetry and the future with the SWOT mission

- Virtual station = Crossover between the altimeter ground track and the river = point of measurement of water elevation.
- Today: 544 water elevation time series from virtual stations freely accessible on the HYDROWEB website:

http://hydroweb.theia-land.fr (+ 163 more time series from ENVISAT and 33 from Jason 2 available at CICOS and IRD).

Ongoing work on rating curves from ENVISAT and JASON that are used as first guess for Sentinel 3 virtual stations (see posters from A.Paris nº 351525 & 341604 and from J.Santos Da Silva nº 341436).



□ In 2021: The Future SWOT (surface water and ocean topography) mission:

- Ka-band SAR Interferometer with a 21-day repeat cycle
- Free access to all SWOT data from
- Water elevation and surface of lakes >250*250m² with few cm accuracy
- Water elevation and discharge of rivers > 100m, with 10cm over 1km² accuracy

4. Hydropower potentia

Hydropower potential in kW/km deduced from virtual stations

79

52

154

- From virtual stations' water level \rightarrow slope of the river
- Combined with additional discharge information and DEM (SRTM)

ightarrow hydropower potential of a specific area.







5- Discharge estimation

Objective = Estimate discharge from current altimetry data with the hydraulic model SIC2 ©IRSTEA.

Mean Discharge (1960-2010) from the Water Balance Model

□ First step: defining a bathymetry with the use of MERIT DEM (Yamazaki D. et al. A high accuracy map of global terrain elevations - Geophysical Research Letters, vol.44, pp.5844-5853, 2017)



6. Future PLANS

- □ Finalize the **assimilation** of the altimetry data in the hydraulic model to compute discharge
- Increase the number and quality of observations and estimates of the hydrological variables
- Preparation to the arrival of the future SWOT data
- □ Further the hydropower potential applications
- Operational production of navigation forecast over the Sangha river and better knowledge of Central basin and flooded forests